

Model Test Paper 38
General Studies Paper I

DO NOT OPEN THIS BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO

TEST BOOKLET
GENERAL STUDIES
Paper-I

C

Time Allowed : Two Hours

Maximum Marks : 200

INSTRUCTIONS

1. IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE EXAMINATION YOU SHOULD CHECK THAT THE TEST BOOKLET *DOES NOT* HAVE ANY UNPRINTED OR TORN OR MISSING PAGES OR ITEMS, ETC, IF SO, GET IT REPLACED BY A COMPLETE TEST BOOKLET.
2. **Please note that it is the candidate's responsibility to encode and fill in the Roll Number and Test Booklet Series A, B, C or D carefully and without any omission or discrepancy at the appropriate place in the OMR Answer Sheet. Any omission/discrepancy will render the Answer Sheet liable for rejection.**
3. You have to enter your Roll Number on the Test Booklet in the Box provided alongside . *DO NOT* write *anything else* on the Test Booklet.
4. This Test Booklet contains **100** items (questions). Each item comprises four responses (answers). You will select the response which you want to mark on the Answer Sheet. In case you feel that there is more than one correct response, mark the response which you consider the best. In any case, choose *ONLY ONE* response for each item.
5. You have to mark all your responses *ONLY* on the separate Answer Sheet provided.
6. **All** items carry equal marks.
7. Before you proceed to mark in the Answer Sheet the response to various items in the Test Booklet, you have to fill in some particulars in the Answer Sheet as per instructions sent to you with your Admission Certificate.
8. After you have completed filling in all your responses on the Answer Sheet and the examination has concluded, you should hand over to the invigilator only the *Answer Sheet*. You are permitted to take away with you the Test Booklet.
9. Sheets for rough work are appended in the Test Booklet at the end.
10. **Penalty for wrong Answers :**
THERE WILL BE PENALTY FOR WRONG ANSWERS MARKED BY A CANDIDATE IN THE OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTION PAPERS.
(i) There are four alternatives for the answer to every question. For each question for which a wrong answer has been given by the candidate, **one-third** of the marks assigned to that question will be deducted as penalty.
(ii) If a candidate gives more than one answer, it will be treated as a **wrong answer** even if one of the given answers happens to be correct and there will be same penalty as above to that question.
(iii) If a question is left blank, i.e., no answer is given by the candidate, there will be **no penalty** for that question.

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Model Test Paper 38
General Studies Paper I

<p>1. What fuelled the 1920 Non Cooperation movement?</p> <p>1. Rise in prices/inflation due to World War I 2. Limitation imposed by law on personal freedom 3. Discontent against British 4. Muslim opposition to the British due to Khilafat issue</p> <p>(a) 1 and 2 (b) 2 and 3 (c) 1, 2 and 3 (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4</p> <p>2. "If you educate a man you educate an individual, but if you educate a woman you educate an entire family" has been said by</p> <p>(a) Ishwarchandra Vidya Sagar (b) Jyotiba Phule (c) Mahatma Gandhi (d) Ramabai Pandita</p> <p>3. In which National Congress session was the resolution of Complete Independence passed?</p> <p>(a) Lucknow (b) Mumbai (c) Lahore (d) Surat</p> <p>4. Individual Civil disobedience movement exhorted people to</p> <p>(a) participate in the second world war efforts (b) not to participate in the second world war efforts (c) demand complete independence (d) boycott foreign goods</p> <p>5. What Gopal Ganesh Agarkar did not believe in and therefore worked against?</p> <p>1. Rebirth 2. Caste system 3. Child marriage 4. Untouchability</p> <p>(a) 2 and 3 (b) 2 and 4</p>	<p>(c) 2, 3 and 4 (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4</p> <p>6. What is true of D. K. Karve?</p> <p>1. He established Fergusson College 2. He established S.N.D.T. Women's University 3. He married a widow 4. He established Samta Sangh 5. He is known as Maharashtra's Martin Luther King 6. He was awarded Bharat Ratna</p> <p>(a) 1, 2, 5 and 6 (b) 3, 5 and 6 (c) 2, 3, 5 and 6 (d) 2, 3 and 6</p> <p>7. What was the chief objective of the Swaraj party?</p> <p>1. Council entry 2. Boycott the institutions established by the British 3. Constitutional opposition</p> <p>(a) 1 only (b) 1 and 2 (c) 1 and 3 (d) 1, 2 and 3</p> <p>8. What was the ultimate objective of the "Salt Satyagraha"?</p> <p>(a) Repeal of Salt Laws (b) Economic relief to common people (c) Poorna Swaraj (d) None of the above</p> <p>9. Who organised the conference of untouchables in 1920 at Mangaon?</p> <p>(a) Jyotiba Phule (b) Dr. Ambedkar (c) Chhatrapati Shahu Maharaj (d) V. R. Shinde</p>
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Model Test Paper 38
General Studies Paper I

<p>10. In protest of what Gandhiji started "Satyagraha Sabha"?</p> <p>(a) Salt law (b) Rowlatt Act (c) Government of India Act, 1919 (d) Jalianwala Bagh Massacre</p> <p>11. In which one of the following places is the Shompen tribe found ?</p> <p>(a) Nilgiri Hills (b) Nicobar Islands (c) Spiti Valley (d) Lakshadweep Islands</p> <p>12. Which of the following most pertinently represent the basic objectives of economic planning in India?</p> <p>(a) Attaining higher agricultural output; attaining full employment; maximizing foreign exchange (b) Attaining higher rate of economic growth; reduction of economic inequalities; achieving full employment (c) Attaining food security; social security for workers; exchange rate stability (d) Attaining full employment; maximizing returns on investments; higher growth of industrial output</p> <p>13. A planned economy is different from open market economy because</p> <p>(a) A planned economy is a centrally directed economy based on extensive controls for optimum utilization of resources (b) A planned economy is a democracy based on people's participation in economic activity (c) A planned economy is governed by indication of the global markets for optimum production (d) A planned economy promotes individual initiatives for maximizing the rate of return on investment and for allocating resources</p> <p>14. Privatisation of the industrial sector implies</p> <p>(a) introducing measures to protect small and medium enterprises against large industries (b) introducing measures to eliminate the sickness of industry</p>	<p>(c) Introducing private ownership in publicly owned enterprises (d) Introducing contractual system of production in the industrial sector</p> <p>15. How do governments regulate industrial markets?</p> <p>(a) Through infrastructural policies (b) Through monetary and fiscal policies (c) Through income and expenditure policies (d) Through population control policies</p> <p>16. Consider the following statements :</p> <p>1. The Advocate General of a State in India is appointed by the President of India upon the recommendation of the Governor of the concerned State 2. As provided in Civil Procedure Code, High Courts have original, appellate and advisory jurisdiction at the State level Which of the statements given above is/are correct ?</p> <p>(a) 1 only (b) 2 only (c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2</p> <p>17. Food security implies</p> <p>(a) Fair distribution of food; food availability at low prices; adequate food stocks (b) Mid-day meal for school children; sustainable production of food; dispensing with food imports (c) Food self-sufficiency; supply of uncontaminated food to people; proper public distribution system of food (d) Access to food; adequate purchasing power of people to buy food; sustainable supply of nutritional food</p> <p>18. The most favoured Nation clause under WTO requires</p> <p>(a) preferential treatment to particular identified countries (b) preferential treatment only to developing countries (c) preferential treatment to all member countries with BoP deficits (d) equal treatment to all member countries of WTO</p>
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Model Test Paper 38
General Studies Paper I

<p>19. Consider some functions of IMF</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Regulatory function2. Consultative function3. Financial function <p>Of the above which one is correct</p> <p>(a) 1 and 2 (b) 1 and 3 (c) Only 3 (d) 1, 2 and 3</p> <p>20. Which one of the following is not an argument for protectionism?</p> <p>(a) To protect infant industries (b) To increase the level of imports (c) To protect strategic industries (d) To improve the balance of payments</p> <p>21. Which of the following statements are correct about Pandita Ramabai?</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. She was a sanskrit scholar2. She gave discourses on Vedas3. She adopted christian religion <p>(a) 1 only (b) 1 and 2 (c) 1, 2 and 3 (d) None of the above</p> <p>22. How much percentage of energy is produced in India by using coal?</p> <p>(a) 67% (b) 50% (c) 40% (d) 30%</p> <p>23. Between which of the following longitudes is India located?</p> <p>(a) 68°7' and 97°25' east (b) 8°4' and 37°6' north (c) 68°7' and 97°25' west (d) 8°4' and 37°6' east</p>	<p>24. Which of the following is a part of the Indian eastern coast?</p> <p>(a) Konkan coast (b) Malabar coast (c) Coromandal cost (d) Southern coast</p> <p>25. How many meetings can there be of Zilla Parishad in a year?</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. As often as necessary2. At most 4 times a year3. A period of 3 months shall not lapse between two meetings4. A period of 4 months shall not lapse between two meetings <p>(a) 1 and 2 (b) 2 and 3 (c) 2 and 4 (d) 1 and 3</p> <p>26. What is the tenure of the Governor?</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. 5 years2. during the pleasure of the President3. as per the desire of the Governor4. as per the desire of the Chief Minister <p>(a) 1 and 2 (b) 1 and 3 (c) 1 and 4 (d) 2 and 3</p> <p>27. Which of the following statements are correct about the Fundamental Duties?</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. The Fundamental Duties of citizens were added to the Constitution by the 42nd Amendment in 19762. It was based upon the recommendations of the Swaran Singh Committee3. Originally ten in number, the Fundamental Duties were increased to eleven by the 86th Amendment in 2002 <p>(a) 1 only (b) 1 and 2 (c) 1 and 3 (d) 1, 2 and 3</p>
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Model Test Paper 38
General Studies Paper I

<p>28. Which of the following statements are correct about the Human Rights Day?</p> <p>1. Human Rights Day is celebrated annually across the world on 10 December 2. 10 December marks the United Nations— General Assembly's adoption and proclamation, on 10 December 1948, of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights (UDHR) 3. The formal establishment of Human Rights Day occurred in 1949</p> <p>(a) 1 only (b) 1 and 2 (c) 1 and 3 (d) 1, 2 and 3</p> <p>29. Which of the following statements are correct about Ward committees?</p> <p>1. There is a Constitutional provision for ward committees in municipal areas 2. Ward committees are mandatory within the territorial area of a Municipality having a population of three lacs or more</p> <p>(a) 1 only (b) 2 only (c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2</p> <p>30. When did the Parliament pass the Indian Citizenship Act?</p> <p>(a) 1950 (b) 1952 (c) 1955 (d) 1958</p> <p>31. The order of penetration of Alpha, Beta and Gamma rays through a metal sheet is</p> <p>(a) Gamma > Beta > Alpha (b) Alpha > Beta > Gamma (c) Beta > Alpha > Gamma (d) Alpha > Gamma > Beta</p> <p>32. The temperature at which air becomes saturated with water vapor is called the</p> <p>(a) freezing point</p>	<p>(b) melting point (c) dew point (d) boiling point</p> <p>33. From which of the following is methane gas produced?</p> <p>(a) Wheat field (b) Paddy field (c) Cotton field (d) Groundnut field</p> <p>34. Human goitre is related to</p> <p>(a) Iodine deficiency in the diet (b) Overactivity of the thyroid (c) Accelerated uptake of iodine from the blood (d) All of the above</p> <p>35. Insulin doses are available today at low cost because</p> <p>(a) GM bacteria produce it (b) Bacterial food used here is inexpensive (c) Process of fermentation is very fast (d) Fermentation vessels can be used for several years</p> <p>36. 'Broca Index' is concerned with calibration of general health in humans. It is obtained by subtraction of</p> <p>(a) weight in kg and height in metres (b) height in cm and 100 (c) height in metres and weight in kg (d) weight in kg and height in cm</p> <p>37. While preparing liquors --- is not added</p> <p>(a) glucose (b) fructose (c) yeast (d) none of the above</p>
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Model Test Paper 38
General Studies Paper I

<p>38. Fats are shown at the apex of the food pyramid because fats</p> <p>(a) are easily absorbed in our cell (b) perform several functions in a cell (c) are easily oxidised (d) are never stored in our body</p> <p>39. Which of the following is an inherited disease?</p> <p>1. Hypertension 2. Diabetes 3. Leprosy</p> <p>(a) 1 only (b) 2 only (c) 1 and 2 (d) 1, 2 and 3</p> <p>40. Bhil unrest took place at</p> <p>(a) Pune (b) Khandesh (c) Andhra (d) Kota</p> <p>41. Land grants to religious institutions were called</p> <p>(a) Brahmadeya (b) Devadana (c) Agrahara (d) Devabhumi</p> <p>42. Kiang Nongbah was a freedom fighter from</p> <p>(a) Assam (b) West Bengal (c) Meghalaya (d) Tripura</p> <p>43. Bharat Sevak Samaj was founded by</p> <p>(a) Mahatma Gandhi (b) G. K. Gokhale (c) Jawaharlal Nehru (d) Dadabhai Naoroji</p>	<p>44. Which of the following statements are correct about the Home Rule league founded by Annie Besant</p> <p>1. On 1 August 1916, Annie Besant launched the Home Rule League 2. The league wanted to secure for India the status of a dominion within the British Empire, such as countries like Australia, Canada, South Africa, New Zealand and Newfoundland then 3. The popularity of the Home Rule League began declining with the coming of the Satyagraha Movement by Mahatma Gandhi 4. It merged into the Indian National Congress forming a united political front</p> <p>(a) 1 and 2 (b) 1, 2 and 3 (c) 2, 3 and 4 (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4</p> <p>45. After the arrest of Mahatma Gandhi, who led the Satyagraha at Dharasana in Gujarat?</p> <p>(a) Shrikrishna Sharda (b) Abbas Tyabji (c) Sarojini Naidu (d) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel</p> <p>46. Ijara system in Mughal era related to</p> <p>(a) trade (b) revenue farming (c) tax on Hindus (d) land grants</p> <p>47. Which act declared the separate electorates for Muslims?</p> <p>(a) 1813 (b) 1909 (c) 1919 (d) 1935</p> <p>48. Marumakkathayam was a system of matrilineal inheritance prevalent in the present</p> <p>(a) Tamil Nadu State (b) Andhra Pradesh State (c) Assam State (d) Kerala State</p>
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Model Test Paper 38
General Studies Paper I

<p>49. The farmers and the East India Company came in direct contact in the</p> <p>(a) Ryotwari (b) Mahalwari (c) Permanent Settlement (d) Talukadari</p> <p>50. The extreme end cities connected by Grand Trunk road are</p> <p>(a) Howrah - Delhi (b) Howrah - Amritsar (c) Chittagong - Kabul (d) Peshavar - Delhi</p> <p>51. The book 'Ghulam-giri ' was written by</p> <p>(a) Dr. Ambedkar (b) D. K. Karve (c) Jyotiba Phule (d) Narayan Guru</p> <p>52. 'Miss Clark Hostel' was started by Shahu Maharaj for ---- students</p> <p>(a) Untouchable (b) Brahmin (c) Jain (d) Maratha</p> <p>53. Which lake has been formed due to a meteoric fall?</p> <p>(a) Chilka (b) Lonar (c) Sambhar (d) Pulicat</p> <p>54. Assertion (A): The thickness of the atmosphere is maximum over the Equator. Reason (R): High insulation and strong convection currents occur over the Equator.</p> <p>(a) Both A and R are individually true and R is the correct explanation of A</p>	<p>(b) Both A and R are individually true but R is not the correct explanation of A (c) A is true but R is false (d) A is false but R is true</p> <p>55. Which one of the following statements is correct?</p> <p>(a) The first meeting of the Parties (MOP) to the Cartagena Protocol on Biosafety was held in Philippines in the year 2004. (b) India is not a signatory to the Biosafety protocol/ convention on Biological Diversity. (c) The Biosafety protocol 1 deals with genetically modified organisms. (d) The United State of America is member of the Biosafety protocol/convention on Biological Diversity.</p> <p>56. Where is the volcanic mountain, Mount St. Helens is located?</p> <p>(a) Chile (b) Japan (c) Philippines (d) United States of America</p> <p>57. Assertion (A) : The same face of the Moon is always presented to the Earth. Reason (R): The Moon rotates about its own axis in 23 and half days which is about the same time that it takes to orbit the Earth.</p> <p>(a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A (b) Both A and R are true but R is NOT a correct explanation of A (c) A is true but R is false (d) A is false but R is true</p> <p>58. Assertion (A): Existence of human life on Venus is highly improbable. Reason (R): Venus has extremely high level of carbon dioxide in its atmosphere.</p> <p>(a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A (b) Both A and R are true but R is NOT a correct explanation of A (c) A is true but R is false (d) A is false but R is true</p>
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Model Test Paper 38
General Studies Paper I

<p>59. Assertion (A): Wind patterns are clockwise in the northern hemisphere and anti-clockwise in the southern hemisphere. Reason (R): The direction of wind patterns in the northern and the southern hemisphere are governed by the Coriolis effect.</p> <p>(a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A</p> <p>(b) Both A and R are true but R is NOT a correct explanation of A</p> <p>(c) A is true but R is false</p> <p>(d) A is false but R is true</p> <p>60. Where are the Balearic Islands located?</p> <p>(a) Mediterranean Sea</p> <p>(b) Black Sea</p> <p>(c) Baltic Sea</p> <p>(d) North Sea</p> <p>61. Which one of the following pairs is not correctly matched?</p> <p>(a) Bahamas: Nassau</p> <p>(b) Costa Rica: San Jose</p> <p>(c) Nicaragua: Balmopan</p> <p>(d) Dominican Republic: Santo Domingo</p> <p>62. Which of the following term is not related with alluvial soil?</p> <p>(a) Khadar</p> <p>(b) Bhangar</p> <p>(c) Bhabar</p> <p>(d) Regur</p> <p>63. The industrial city Jamshedpur is surrounded by which of the following rivers on the north and west respectively?</p> <p>(a) Mahanadi and Ganga</p> <p>(b) Subarnarekha and Son</p> <p>(c) Subarnarekha and Kharkai</p> <p>(d) Mahanadi and Kharkai</p> <p>64. River Ganga enters the plains at</p>	<p>(a) Rudraprayag</p> <p>(b) Rishikesh</p> <p>(c) Allahabad</p> <p>(d) Karanprayag</p> <p>65. Who is Chairman of the State Planning Commission?</p> <p>(a) Governor</p> <p>(b) Chief Minister</p> <p>(c) Finance Minister</p> <p>(d) Planning Minister</p> <p>66. What is federal form of Government?</p> <p>(a) There is centralisation of power</p> <p>(b) There is decentralisation of power</p> <p>(c) There is only one central government</p> <p>(d) There are only provincial governments</p> <p>67. India accounts for how much of all world rice production?</p> <p>(a) 10%</p> <p>(b) 15%</p> <p>(c) 20%</p> <p>(d) 25%</p> <p>68. How many Justices are there in the Supreme Court of India including the Chief Justice?</p> <p>(a) 25</p> <p>(b) 26</p> <p>(c) 27</p> <p>(d) 31</p> <p>69. Who was the Vice-president of the Constituent Assembly of India for drafting the Constitution of India?</p> <p>(a) Abul Kalam Azad</p> <p>(b) Dr. Sachchidananda Sinha</p> <p>(c) Harendra Coomar Mookerjee</p> <p>(d) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel</p>
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Model Test Paper 38
General Studies Paper I

<p>70. If any Central Minister doesn't offer his resignation despite the directions of the Prime Minister, then</p> <p>(a) the President can dismiss him (b) the Prime Minister can dismiss him (c) the Prime Minister may resign (d) the Lok Sabha will pass resolution against him/her</p> <p>71. Which of the following statements are correct about the responsibility of the Council of Ministers?</p> <p>1. The Council of Ministers is responsible to the Prime Minister 2. The Council of Ministers is responsible to the President of India 3. The Council of Ministers is responsible to the Lok Sabha 4. The Council of Ministers is responsible to the Rajya Sabha</p> <p>(a) 1 and 2 (b) 1, 2 and 3 (c) 3 only (d) 3 and 4</p> <p>72. How many members of the Vidhan Parishad are elected from teacher's constituency?</p> <p>(a) 1/6 (b) 1/3 (c) 1/10 (d) 1/12</p> <p>73. To whom the Governor is responsible?</p> <p>(a) The Chief Minister (b) The Vice President (c) The Prime Minister (d) The President of India</p> <p>74. Who selects the Gramsevak?</p> <p>(a) Panchayat Samiti (b) Gram Panchayat (c) State Government (d) Zila Parishad</p>	<p>75. What is the minimum number of population to form a Gram Panchayat?</p> <p>(a) 250 (b) 500 (c) 1000 (d) 2000</p> <p>76. Which Constitutional Amendment provides for Free and Compulsory Primary Education for the children aged between 6 to 14 years?</p> <p>(a) 73rd (b) 84th (c) 86th (d) 90th</p> <p>77. Match the following</p> <p>A. Pandit Ravi Shankar - 1. Tabla B. Zakir Hussain - 2. Sarod C. Amjad Ali Khan - 3. Sitar D. Hari Prasad Chaurasiya - 4. Flute</p> <p>(a) A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3 (b) A-3, B-1, C-2, D-4 (c) A-2, B-3, C-1, D-4 (d) A-3, B-1, C-4, D-2</p> <p>78. The most mineralised system of India is</p> <p>(a) Dharwar system (b) Vindhyan system (c) Cuddapah system (d) Gondwana system</p> <p>79. The Edicts of Ashoka are a collection of</p> <p>(a) 30 inscriptions (b) 33 inscriptions (c) 37 inscriptions (d) 43 inscriptions</p>
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Model Test Paper 38
General Studies Paper I

<p>80. The richest biodiversity in India is found in</p> <p>(a) Silent Valley (b) Valley of Kashmir (c) Valley of flowers (d) Damodar Valley</p> <p>81. Sriharikota Island is located near</p> <p>(a) Chilka Lake (b) Mouth of the Mahanadi (c) Pulicat Lake (d) Mouth of the Godavari</p> <p>82. Which of the following is found in the composition of Vitamin 'D' ?</p> <p>(a) Ascorbic acid (b) Calciferol (c) Folic acid (d) Retinol</p> <p>83. Hasdo Valley in Chhattisgarh is famous for</p> <p>(a) Iron ore mines (b) Coal mines (c) Bauxite mines (d) Dolomite mines</p> <p>84. Which is NOT insect amongst following?</p> <p>(a) Butterfly (b) Cockroach (c) Mosquito (d) Spider</p> <p>85. Which European traveller came to India during the region of Shahjahan?</p> <p>(a) William Hawkins (b) Thomas Roe (c) Antonia Monserrate (d) Peter Mundy</p>	<p>86. Which one among the following river does not make a delta?</p> <p>(a) Mahanadi (b) Godavari (c) Narmada (d) Kaveri</p> <p>87. The reduction of voting age from 21 years to 18 years for the Lok Sabha and Legislative Assemblies was done through</p> <p>(a) Fifty Ninth Amendment, 1988 (b) Sixty-First Amendment, 1989 (c) Sixty-Fourth Amendment, 1990 (d) Seventy-Third Amendment, 1992</p> <p>88. A member of Public Service Commission can be removed from his/her office under which Article of the Constitution?</p> <p>(a) 315 (b) 316 (c) 317 (d) 318</p> <p>89. Of the following which one is not a fish?</p> <p>(a) Star fish (b) Saw fish (c) Pipe fish (d) Guitar fish</p> <p>90. Which article of the Indian Constitution prescribes eligibility conditions for re-election to the post of president of India?</p> <p>(a) Article 52 (b) Article 54 (c) Article 55 (d) Article 57</p>
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Model Test Paper 38
General Studies Paper I

<p>91. Which of the following statements are correct about the metallic conductor of the electricity?</p> <p>1. Copper is the most commonly used metal used in electrical wiring 2. Silver is the best conductor of electricity</p> <p>(a) 1 only (b) 2 only (c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2</p> <p>92. The three-tier system of Panchayati Raj was initially recommended by</p> <p>(a) Balwantrai Mehta Committee (b) Ashok Mehta Committee (c) L.M. Singhvi Committee (d) G.V.K. Rao Committee</p> <p>93. The Bhagirathi river originates from</p> <p>(a) Gangotri (b) Gomukh (c) Mansarover (d) Tapovan</p> <p>94. The declaration of reforms on August 20, 1917 is known as</p> <p>(a) Montague declaration (b) Morely declaration (c) Minto declaration (d) Chelmsford declaration</p> <p>95. Final decision on question as to disqualification of members of a Legislative Assembly is taken by</p> <p>(a) Chief Minister (b) Governor (c) Chief Justice of the High Court (d) Speaker of the Legislative Assembly</p>	<p>96. In India, the first Municipal Corporation was set up in which one among the following:</p> <p>(a) Calcutta (b) Madras (c) Bombay (d) Delhi</p> <p>97. Privilege motion can be raised against a Minister when he</p> <p>(a) loses confidence in the Government (b) absents himself for a long time (c) withholds facts of a case or gives a distorted version of facts (d) avoids collective responsibility of the Cabinet</p> <p>98. Which one of the following provisions deal with the privileges and immunities of the Members of Parliament under the Constitution of India ?</p> <p>(a) Article 104 (b) Article 105 (c) Article 82 (d) Article 117</p> <p>99. Which of the following tax does not belong to the States Exclusively?</p> <p>(a) Land revenue (b) Estate duty (c) Road vehicles (d) Stamp duties on bills of Exchange</p> <p>100. Which of the following river is praised lavishly in the Rigveda as the best of all the rivers?</p> <p>(a) Sapta Sindhu (b) Saraswati (c) Ganga (d) Susartu</p>
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Model Test Paper 38
General Studies Paper I

Answer Sheet

<p>A B C D</p> <p>1 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>2 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>3 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>4 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>5 ○ ○ ○ ○</p>	<p>A B C D</p> <p>21 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>22 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>23 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>24 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>25 ○ ○ ○ ○</p>	<p>A B C D</p> <p>41 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>42 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>43 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>44 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>45 ○ ○ ○ ○</p>	<p>A B C D</p> <p>61 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>62 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>63 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>64 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>65 ○ ○ ○ ○</p>	<p>A B C D</p> <p>81 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>82 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>83 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>84 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>85 ○ ○ ○ ○</p>
<p>6 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>7 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>8 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>9 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>10 ○ ○ ○ ○</p>	<p>26 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>27 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>28 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>29 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>30 ○ ○ ○ ○</p>	<p>46 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>47 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>48 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>49 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>50 ○ ○ ○ ○</p>	<p>66 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>67 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>68 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>69 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>70 ○ ○ ○ ○</p>	<p>86 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>87 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>88 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>89 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>90 ○ ○ ○ ○</p>
<p>11 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>12 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>13 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>14 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>15 ○ ○ ○ ○</p>	<p>31 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>32 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>33 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>34 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>35 ○ ○ ○ ○</p>	<p>51 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>52 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>53 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>54 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>55 ○ ○ ○ ○</p>	<p>71 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>72 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>73 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>74 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>75 ○ ○ ○ ○</p>	<p>91 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>92 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>93 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>94 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>95 ○ ○ ○ ○</p>
<p>16 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>17 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>18 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>19 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>20 ○ ○ ○ ○</p>	<p>36 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>37 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>38 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>39 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>40 ○ ○ ○ ○</p>	<p>56 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>57 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>58 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>59 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>60 ○ ○ ○ ○</p>	<p>76 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>77 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>78 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>79 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>80 ○ ○ ○ ○</p>	<p>96 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>97 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>98 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>99 ○ ○ ○ ○</p> <p>100 ○ ○ ○ ○</p>