## Model Test Paper 66 General Studies Paper I

| DO NOT OPEN THIS BOOKLET UNTIL YOU A                                    | ARE TOLD TO DO SO                                |
|---|--|
| TEST BOOKLET  |  |
| GENERAL STUDIES   | B  |
| Paper-I   |  |
| Time Allowed : Two Hours  | Maximum Marks : 200                              |
| INSTRUCTIONS  |  |
| 1. IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE EXAMINA                    | ATION YOU SHOULD CHECK THAT THE                  |
| TEST BOOKLET DOES NOT HAVE ANY UNPRINTED OR TORN OR N                   | MISSING PAGES OR ITEMS, ETC, IF SO,              |
| GET IT REPLACED BY A COMPLETE TEST BOOKLET.                             |  |
| 2. Please note that it is the candidate's responsibility to encode      | e and fill in the Roll Number and Test           |
| Booklet Series A, B, C or D carefully and without any omission of       | or discrepancy at the appropriate place          |
| in the OMR Answer Sheet. Any omission/discrepancy will rend             | er the Answer Sheet liable for rejection         |
| 3. You have to enter your Roll Number on the Test Booklet in the        | e  |
| Box provided alongside . DO NOT write anything else on the Tes          | t Booklet.                                       |
| 4. This Test Booklet contains 100 items (questions). Each item co       | omprises four responses (answers). You           |
| will select the response which you want to mark on the Answer           | Sheet. In case you feel that there is            |
| more than one correct response, mark the response which you o           | consider the best. In any case, choose           |
| ONLY ONE response for each item.  |  |
| 5. You have to mark all your responses ONLY on the separate An          | swer Sheet provided.                             |
| 6. <b>All</b> items carry equal marks.                                  |  |
| 7. Before you proceed to mark in the Answer Sheet the response          | e to various items in the Test Booklet,          |
| you have to fill in some particulars in the Answer Sheet as per in      |  |
| Admission Certificate.  |  |
| 8. After you have completed filling in all your responses on the A      | Answer Sheet and the examination has             |
| concluded, you should hand over to the invigilator only the Answ        | ver Sheet. You are permitted to take             |
| away with you the Test Booklet.   |  |
| 9. Sheets for rough work are appended in the Test Booklet at the        | e end.   |
| 10. Penalty for wrong Answers :   |  |
| THERE WILL BE PENALTY FOR WRONG ANSWERS MARKED BY A                     | CANDIDATE IN THE OBJECTIVE TYPE                  |
| QUESTION PAPERS.  |  |
| (i) There are four alternatives for the answer to every question.       | For each question for which a wrong              |
| answer has been given by the candidate, one-third of the marks          | assigned to that question will be                |
| deducted as penalty.  |  |
| (ii) If a candidate gives more than one answer, it will be treated      | as a <b>wrong answer</b> even if one of the      |
| given answers happens to be correct and there will be same per          | alty as above to that question.                  |
| (iii) If a question is left blank, i.e., no answer is given by the cand | didate, there will be <b>no penalty</b> for that |

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question.

- 1. Which of the following are cool season crops?
- 1. Lettuce
- 2. Beans
- 3. Spinach
- 4. cucumbers
- 5. Carrots
- (a) 1, 2 and 4
- (b) 1, 3 and 5
- (c) 2, 3 and 5
- (d) 1, 2, 3 and 5
- 2. A commonly used chemical for rhizome rot is
- (a) Carbofuran
- (b) Bordeaux Mixture
- (c) Mancozeb
- (d) Dimethoate
- 3. Which of the following is used as support trees for Vanilla plants?
- (a) Coconut
- (b) Arecaunut
- (c) Cocoa
- (d) Gliricidia
- 4. Skiffing is a pruning method followed in
- (a) Tea
- (b) Coffee
- (c) Rubber
- (d) Cocoa
- 5. The annual yield of rubber in South India is
- (a) 500 kg/ha
- (b) 375 kg/ha
- (c) 750 kg/ha
- (d) 1000 kg/ha
- 6. Which one of the following is the correct sequence in the order of decreasing length of the three structural parts given below of small intestine in the human body?

- (a) Jejunum Duodenum Ileum
- (b) Ileum Duodenum Jejunum
- (c) Jejunum Ileum Duodenum
- (d) Ileum Jejunum Duodenum
- 7. In which of the following kinds of organisms is the phenomenon found wherein the female kills the male after copulation?
- (a) Dragonfly
- (b) Honeybee
- (c) Spider
- (d) Pit viper
- 8. For which one of the following snakes is the diet mainly composed of other snakes?
- (a) Krait
- (b) Russell's viper
- (c) Rattlesnake
- (d) King cobra
- 9. ssertion (A): In human body, liver has important role in fat digestion. Reason (R): Liver produces two important fat-digesting enzymes.
- (a) Both A and R are individually true and R is the correct explanation of A
- (b) Both A and Rare individually true but R is not the correct explanation of A
- (c) A is true but R is false
- (d) A is false but R is true
- 10. Which of the following statements are correct?
- 1. Surface tension has the dimension of force per unit length, or of energy per unit area 2. The two are equivalent—but when referring to energy per unit of area, people use the term surface energy
- (a) Only 1
- (b) Only 2
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

#### **General Studies Paper I**

- 11. Which of the following deficiency is induced by heavy liming and excessive application of nitrogen and phosphates?
- (a) Copper
- (b) Zinc
- (c) Molybdenum
- (d) Manganese
- 12. Which of the following Sultan introduced two new taxes—a horse tax and a tax on all milk cows?
- (a) Muhammad-bin Tughlaq
- (b) Alauddin Khilji
- (c) Ghiyassudin Tughlaq
- (d) Iltutmish
- 13. Which of the following statements are correct?
- 1. Rickets is among the most frequent childhood diseases in many developing countries 2. The predominant cause is a vitamin D deficiency
- The predominant cause is a vitamin D deficiency
   Lack of adequate calcium in the diet may also lead to rickets
- (a) Only 1
- (b) 1 and 2
- (c) 2 and 3
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- 14. Which of the following are attributed to Sir Syed Ahmed Khan?
- 1. Promotion of western education for the Muslims
- 2. Opposition to the 'Purdah' system
- 3. Condemning the social evils of polygamy and divorce in the Muslim society
- (a) Only 1
- (b) 1 and 2
- (c) 1 and 3
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- 15. The mrigal carp which is a species of ray-finned fish in the carp family is found only in
- (a) Ganges river
- (b) Godavari river

- (c) Krishna river
- (d) Cauvery River
- 16. Mauryan administration functioned on the concept of
- (a) Religious state
- (b) Welfare state
- (c) Military state
- (d) all of these
- 17. Which of the following influenced more on Mauryan Art and Architecture?
- 1. Brahmanism
- 2. Greek
- 3. Persian
- 4. Buddhism

Of these

- (a) 1 and 4 are correct
- (b) 2 and 4 are correct
- (c) 2 and 3 are correct
- (d) 2, 3 and 4 are correct
- 18. Emperor Kanishka was able to stabilize his empire because
- (a) he followed Buddhism
- (b) he followed Buddhism
- (c) he adapted religious toleration
- (d) he supported Bhagavatism
- 19. Who were the Viralis and Panars of the Sangam age?
- (a) Classical singers and dancers
- (b) Folk singers and dancers
- (c) Dead soldiers and folk heroes
- (d) Poets and scholars

- 20. Ainkurunuru, KuRunthokai and Paripadal are a part of
- (a) ten idylls
- (b) five great epics
- (c) eight anthologies
- (d) five minor epics
- 21. Tondi, Musiri, Korkai, Arikkamedu and Marakkanam were
- (a) Cultural cities
- (b) Port cities
- (c) Castes
- (d) Guilds
- 22. In a parliamentary form of government, minister's are appointed by
- (a) The head of the State at his discretion
- (b) The head of the government
- (c) The head of the State on the recommendation of the head of the government
- (d) The legislature
- 23. In the Vijayanagara Empire, the Government department résponsible collecting the land revenue was called
- (a) Athanave
- (b) Polygar
- (c) Nayek
- (d) Mirasi
- 24. Which of the following taxes were introduced by Allauddin Khilji?
- Ghari
- 2. Zakat
- 3. Charah
- 4. Jizya
- (a) 1 and 2
- (b) 1 and 3
- (c) 2 and 3
- (d) 2 and 4

- 25. Contribution of agriculture to our GDP is now
- (a) between 30 percent and 40 percent
- (b) between 20 percent and 30 percent
- (c) between 20 percent and 25 percent
- (d) below 20 percent
- 26. GNP exceeds NNP by
- (a) the amount of total taxes
- (b) government expenditure
- (c) transfer payments
- (d) the difference between gross investment and net investment
- 27. Primary sector in India still employs about ----of all the workers
- (a) 50 percent
- (b) 60 percent
- (c) 70 percent
- (d) 40 percent
- 28. "Money is anything which is widely accepted in payment for goods; or in discharge of the other kinds of business obligation." This definition of money was given by:
- (a) Robertson
- (b) Marshall
- (c) Mill
- (d) Keynes
- 29. Which of the following taxes were levied on Muslims?
- Kharaz
   Ushraf
- 3. Zakat
- 4. Jizya
- (a) 1 and 2
- (b) 2 and 3
- (c) 1 and 4
- (d) 2 and 4

#### **General Studies Paper I**

- 30. Which of the following statements are correct?
- 1. Sharab or Shart was 1/10th of crop production levied on farmers to develop and maintain water supply facilities
- 2. It was introduced by Alauddin Khilji
- (a) Only 1
- (b) Only 2
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 31. Which of the following statements are correct?

The two-component fertilizers are called NP fertilizers

- 2. The main two-component fertilizers are monoammonium phosphate (MAP) and diammonium phosphate (DAP)
- (a) Only 1
- (b) Only 2
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 32. After the battle of Talikotta, the capital of Vijayanagar was shifted to
- (a) Chandragiri
- (b) Penukonda
- (c) Hampi
- (d) Gulbarga
- 33. We prefer foreign direct investment because
- (a) we are short of foreign exchange
- (b) they bring foreign exports
- (c) they add to domestic investment
- (d) they have pressurised us to permit them to come
- 34. Foreign exchange reserves do not cosist of
- (a) SDRs
- (b) Gold
- (c) Foreign Currency Assets
- (d) Diamond

- 35. Revenue expenditure is defined as
- (a) Current expenditure
- (b) Non-recurring type of expenditure
- (c) Expenditure on creating of assets
- (d) Development expenditure
- 36. The Physical Quality of Life Index was prepared for the first time by
- (a) Morris D. Morris
- (b) B. Higgins
- (c) A. Lewis
- (d) Michael P. Todaro
- 37. Nayak rule came to an end in
- (a) 1736 A.D.
- (b) 1732 A.D.
- (c) 1734 A.D.
- (d) 1737 A.D.
- 38. The filler tree in mango orchard is
- (a) Ber
- (b) Papaya
- (c) Apple
- (d) Litchi
- 39. The figure of Bronze dancing girl of Indus civilization reveals
- 1. women took part in amusement
- 2. various metals were used for making artifacts
- 3. position of women in Indus culture
- 4. the prevalence of Devadasi system

#### Of these

- (a) 1 and 2 are correct
- (b) 1 alone is correct
- (c) 1, 2 and 3 are correct
- (d) 4 alone is correct

| 40. Which of the following is the meaning of t | he |
|--|----|
| Veda?  |    |

- (a) Understanding self
- (b) Study of ancient political system
- (c) Study of Srutis and Mantras
- (d) Study of the religious life of Hindus
- 41. To whom is the word 'Aryan' properly applied?
- (a) Indo-Iranians
- (b) Indo-Germans
- (c) Indo-Greeks
- (d) Indo-Arabs
- 42. The Vedic literature Yoga Darsana was written by
- (a) Kapila
- (b) Jaimini
- (c) Patanjali
- (d) Badarayana
- 43. With whom did Shivaji sign the treaty of Purandar and when?
- (a) 1645, Shaista Khan
- (b) 1650, Afzal Khan
- (c) 1660, Raja Jaswant Singh
- (d) 1665, Raja Jai Singh
- 44. From whom did Shivaji conquer Javil which made him the master of the highlands of Maharashtra?
- (a) Jadav Rao
- (b) Adil Shahi ruler
- (c) Chandra Rao
- (d) Nizam Shahi ruler
- 45. What was the measuring instrument adopted by Shivaji for the uniform measurement of land?
- (a) Sikandar-i-gaz
- (b) Tanab

- (c) jarib
- (d) Kathi
- 46. Guru Hargobind defeated the Mughal troops near Amritsar in the Battle of Amritsar in
- (a) 1631
- (b) 1634
- (c) 1635
- (d) 1640
- 47. Who among the following Rajputs were the first to voluntarily submit to Akbar?
- (a) Hadas
- (b) Sisodias
- (c) Rathores
- (d) Kanchhawahas
- 48. In which language did Babur write his memoirs called Tuzuk-i-BAburi?
- (a) Persian
- (b) Turkish
- (c) Arabic
- (d) Mongol
- 49. What was the object of Gopal Ganesh Agarkar behind starting the weekly "Sudharak"?
- (a) Acceptance of western education
- (b) Acceptance of male female equality
- (c) Acceptance of new scientific views
- (d) Acceptance of human freedom
- 50. Tilak wrote Gita Rahasya in ---- jail
- (a) Andaman
- (b) Yervada
- (c) Mandalay
- (d) Ahmednagar

- 51. Which of the following statements are correct about the Joint Committee on Offices of Profit?
- 1. The Committee consists of 20 members 2. Ten members are elected from Lok Sabha and ten from Rajya Sabha
- (a) Only 1
- (b) Only 2
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 52. For which thesis in Economics, London University awarded 'The degree of Doctor of Science' to Dr. Ambedkar in 1923?
- (a) 'The problems of Rupee'
- (b) 'The problems of money'
- (c) 'Administration and finance at the East India Company'
- (d) 'The evolution at principal finance in British
- 53. From where the inspiration of establishing the University of women (3rd June, 1916) was taken by Maharshi Karve?
- (a) America Women's University
- (b) Moscow Women's University
- (c) Japan Women's University
- (d) France Women's University
- 54. Who wrote the book entitled "DONGARICHYA TURUNGATIL 101 DIVAS"?
- (a) Lokmanya Tilak
- (b) Chiplunkar
- (c) Agarkar
- (d) Dr. ambedkar
- 55. The cattle census is conducted after every --years in India
- (a) Ten
- (b) Twelve
- (c) Seven
- (d) Five

- 56. The river Shyok, Zanskar and Gilgit are the main tributaries of river
- (a) Ganga
- (b) Beas
- (c) Chenab
- (d) Indus
- 57. Which of the following statements are correct about the Salal Hydroelectric Power Station?
- 1. Salal Hydroelectric Power Station is constructed on river Chenab
- It is located in Himachal Pradesh
- (a) Only 1
- (b) Only 2
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 58. Which of the following statements are correct about the Jaitapur Nuclear Power Project?
- 1. Jaitapur Nuclear Power Project is a proposed 9900 MW power project in Ratnagiri district of Maharashtra
- It would be the largest nuclear power generating station in the world

  3. It is being built in collaboration with USA
- (a) Only 1
- (b) 1 and 2
- (c) 1 and 3
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- 59. Uttaranchal, Chhattisgarh and Jharkhand states were formed during --- Five Year Plan
- (a) Ninth
- (b) Tenth
- (c) Seventh
- (d) Eighth

## **Model Test Paper 66 General Studies Paper I**

# 60. Who was the first Deputy Chairman of the Planning Commission?

- (a) Gulzari Lal Nanda
- (b) Sardar Patel
- (c) V.T. Krishnamachari
- (d) C.M. Trivedi
- 61. Which of the following statements are correct?
- The first fertilizer factory was set up in Sindri
   Sindri is located in Orissa
- (a) Only 1
- (b) Only 2
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 62. What is the feature of the Indian Judicial system?
- (a) A single and unified judicial system
- (b) Legislative controls the judiciary
- (c) Government controls the judiciary
- (d) All of these
- 63. Which Saint's name has been attached to the village cleanliness drive in Maharashtra?
- (a) Sant Tukaram Maharaj
- (b) Sant Gadge Maharaj
- (c) Sant Tukdoji Maharaj
- (d) Sant Namdev Maharaj
- 64. Where does the Yamuna join the Ganga?
- (a) Haridwar
- (b) Allahabad
- (c) Agra
- (d) Varanasi
- 65. Spirogyra is a --- algae
- (a) Blue green
- (b) Green

- (c) Red
- (d) Colourless
- 66. Mite possesses how many pair(s) of legs?
- (a) One
- (b) Two
- (c) Six
- (d) Four
- 67. Thompson seedless is a popular variety of
- (a) Water melon
- (b) Grape
- (c) Guava
- (d) Banana
- 68. Genetic purity of seeds can be tested by
- (a) Germination test
- (b) Tetrazolium test
- (c) Acetocarmine test
- (d) Grow out test
- 69. The main site for respiration in plant cells is
- (a) Chloroplasts
- (b) Mitochondria
- (c) Lysosomes
- (d) Ribosomes
- 70. Which of the following statements are correct?
- 1. Dry ice is the solid form of carbon dioxide
- 2. Drý ice sublimes at -78.5 °C
- 3. Dry ice is sometimes referred to as "cardice"
- (a) Only 1
- (b) 1 and 2
- (c) 1 and 3
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

## **General Studies Paper I**

| 71. The normal salt intake, to avoid complications like hypertension, is | 77. Which of the following statements are correct?   |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
|  | 1. The smallest planet in our solar system is mercury  |  |  |
| (a) 2.5 gm/day   | 2. The planet nearest to the sun is venus  |  |  |
| (b) 7.8 gm/day   | (a) Only 1   |  |  |
| (c) 5 gm/day   | (b) Only 2   |  |  |
| (d) 1.2 gm/day   | (c) Both 1 and 2   |  |  |
| 72 initiate the process of blood clotting                                | (d) Neither 1 nor 2  |  |  |
| (a) WBCs   | 78. Alum is used   |  |  |
| (b) Lymphs   | (a) Consider the state of  |  |  |
| (c) RBCs   | (a) for electroplating   |  |  |
| (d) Blood platelets  | (b) to stop bleeding   |  |  |
| 73. Raw biogas produced from digestion is roughly                        | (c) for making statues   |  |  |
|  | (d) for manufacturing of glass and in paint industries   |  |  |
| (a) 55% methane and 30% CO2  | 79. Which of the following statements are correct?   |  |  |
| (b) 60% methane and 29% CO2  | 1. LPG consists of propane and butane 2. LPG was first produced in 1910 by Dr. Walter                    |  |  |
| (c) 60% methane and 25% CO2  | 2. LPG was first produced in 1910 by Dr. Walter Snelling   |  |  |
| (d) 50% methane and 49% CO2  |  |  |  |
| 74. Sunflower is a plant   | (a) Only 1   |  |  |
| (a) gymnospermae   | (b) Only 2   |  |  |
| (b) monocotyledonus  | (c) Both 1 and 2   |  |  |
| (c) pteridophyta   | (d) Neither 1 nor 2  |  |  |
| (d) dicotyledonous   | 80. The element having complete octet in its ground state configuration is                               |  |  |
| 75. Snail belongs to phylum  | (0) N4%  |  |  |
| (a) Mollusca   | (a) Mg   |  |  |
| (b) Anthropoda   | (b) Na<br>(c) Ne   |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| (c) Echinodermata  | (d) He   |  |  |
| (d) Nematoda   | 81. If a current of 0.5 A is passed through a wire or resistance 20 ohm, the potential difference across |  |  |
| 76. In saturated hydrocarbons, bond between two carbon atoms is of type  | the wire should be   |  |  |
| (a) single bond  | (a) 2 volt   |  |  |
| (b) double bond  | (b) 1.5 volt   |  |  |
| (c) triple bond  | (c) 1 volt   |  |  |
| (d) jonic bond   | (d) 10 volt  |  |  |

(d) ionic bond

- 82. If a ball is released from the terrace of a tall building, then what will be its speed after 5 seconds?
- (a) 98 m/s
- (b) 122.5 m/s
- (c) 24.5 m/s
- (d) 49 m/s
- 83. ---- rays have no mass
- (a) Alpha
- (b) Beta
- (c) Gamma
- (d) X
- 84. Which of the following statements are correct?
- Palegar's revolt took place in South India
   It predates the Sepoy Mutiny in Northern India by many decades
- (a) Only 1
- (b) Only 2
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 85. Which one of the following pairs is correctly matched?
- (a) 1857 A.D. Licensing Act
- (b) 1851 A.D. Widow Remarriage Act
- (c) 1890 A.D. Age of Consent Act
- (d) 1858 A.D. Indian High Court Act
- 86. In 1857, who gave momentum to the agitation against the British by gathering people of all classes of society?
- (a) Tatya Tope
- (b) Nanasaheb Peshwa
- (c) Bahadur Shah Zafar
- (d) Azimullah

- 87. Who became the first Indian Wrangler (a student who has completed the third year of the Mathematical Tripos with first-class honours) of the Cambridge University.?
- (a) Surendranath Banerjea
- (b) Dada Bhai Naoroji
- (c) Anandamohan Bose
- (d) Subhash Chandra Bose
- 88. Santhal movement responsible for the rise of Indian Nationalism, was related with
- (a) Land cultivation of Adivasis
- (b) Ancient social customs of Adivasis
- (c) Education of Adivasis
- (d) Political group of Adivasis
- 89. Bombay Chronicle was started by?
- (a) Pherozeshah Mehta
- (b) Rangaiah Naidu
- (c) Narendranath Sen
- (d) Dadabhai Naoroji
- 90. Narendra Nath Sen Gupta was a pioneering figure in
- (a) Medicines
- (b) Sociology
- (c) Psychology
- (d) History
- 91. Which one of the following clay mineral is used in the oil-drilling industry as a component of drilling mud?
- (a) Chlorite
- (b) Illite
- (c) Montmorillonite
- (d) Kaolinite

#### **General Studies Paper I**

- 92. Fulvic acid is soluble in
- (a) both acid and alkali
- (b) acid only
- (c) alkali only
- (d) organic solvents only
- 93. Consider the following

Organic matter in soil influences

- 1. soil moisture 2. soil strength
- 3. soil structure
- 4. soil texture
- 5. soil temperature

Select the correct answer using the code below:

#### Code

- (a) 1, 2, 3 and 4 only
- (b) 1, 3, 4 and 5 only
- (c) 1, 2, 3 and 5 only
- (d) 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5
- 94. According to USDA taxonomy, which one of the following constitutes 'soil orders'?
- (a) Gelisol, Mollisol, Entisol
- (b) Mollisol, Entisol, Fluvisol
- (c) Entisol, Fluvisol, Gelisol
- (d) Fluvisol, Gelisol, Mollisol
- 95. Match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer using the code given below the Lists

List-I ----- List-II (Nutrient element) (Chief source in the soil)

- À. Nitrogen 1. Apatite B. Phosphorus 2. Pyrite C. Potassium 3. Organics
- D. Sulphur 4. Mica
- (a) A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3
- (b) A-3, B-1, C-4, D-2
- (c) A-1, B-3, C-4, D-2
- (d) A-2, B-4, C-3, D-1

- 96. Indian green jassid is a pest of
- (a) Sugarcane
- (b) Potato
- (c) Cotton
- (d) Cauliflower
- 97. Which one of the following is a gas fumigant that is used to control pests in cereal grains, tree nuts and dry fruits?
- (a) Sulfuryl fluoride
- (b) Methyl bromide
- (c) Aluminium phosphide
- (d) Carbon disulfide
- 98. The cabbage butterfly is a?
- (a) Monophagous Pest
- (b) Oligophagous Pest
- (c) Polyphagous Pest
- (d) None of the above
- 99. Which of the following is the leading turmeric producing and trading State?
- (a) Kerala
- (b) Tamil Nadu
- (c) Orissa
- (d) Andhra Pradesh
- 100. Sodium benzoate is added for the preservation of the fruit juice in the concentration range of
- (a) 0.01-0.5%
- (b) 0.06-0.10%
- (c) 1.1-1.5%
- (d) 1.6-2.0%

# Model Test Paper 66 General Studies Paper I

#### **Answer Sheet**

| A B C D  1 () () () 2 () () () 3 () () () 4 () () () 5 () () () | A B C D  21 | A B C D 41 0 0 0 42 0 0 0 43 0 0 0 44 0 0 0 45 0 0 0 | A B C D 61                           | A B C D 81                               |
|---|-------------|--|--------------------------------------|--|
| 6   | 26          | 46   | 66                                   | 86                                       |
| 11 \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \                        | 31          | 51   | 71 000<br>72 000<br>73 000<br>74 000 | 91 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ |
| 16  | 36          | 56   | 76                                   | 96                                       |