DO NOT OPEN TH	IS BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD	TO DO SO
	TEST BOOKLET	
	GENERAL STUDIES	D
	Paper-I	
Time Allowed : Two Hours		Maximum Marks : 200
	INSTRUCTIONS	
1. IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE COMMEN		J SHOULD CHECK THAT THE
TEST BOOKLET DOES NOT HAVE ANY U		
GET IT REPLACED BY A COMPLETE TEST		, , ,
2. Please note that it is the candidate'		the Roll Number and Test
Booklet Series A, B, C or D carefully ar	-	
in the OMR Answer Sheet. Any omissi		
3. You have to enter your Roll Number		•
Box provided alongside . DO NOT write		
4. This Test Booklet contains 100 items		our responses (answers). You
will select the response which you war	·	•
more than one correct response, mark	the response which you consider th	ne best. In any case, choose
ONLY ONE response for each item.	,	,
5. You have to mark all your responses	ONLY on the separate Answer Shee	t provided.
6. All items carry equal marks.	·	·
7. Before you proceed to mark in the A	nswer Sheet the response to variou	s items in the Test Booklet,
you have to fill in some particulars in tl	-	
Admission Certificate.	·	
8. After you have completed filling in a	II your responses on the Answer She	eet and the examination has
concluded, you should hand over to th	e invigilator only the Answer Sheet.	You are permitted to take
away with you the Test Booklet.		
9. Sheets for rough work are appended	I in the Test Booklet at the end.	
10. Penalty for wrong Answers:		
THERE WILL BE PENALTY FOR WRONG	ANSWERS MARKED BY A CANDIDAT	E IN THE OBJECTIVE TYPE
QUESTION PAPERS.		
(i) There are four alternatives for the a	nswer to every question. For each q	uestion for which a wrong
answer has been given by the candidat	e, one-third of the marks assigned t	to that question will be
deducted as penalty.	_	
(ii) If a candidate gives more than one	answer, it will be treated as a wron g	g answer even if one of the
given answers happens to be correct a	nd there will be same penalty as abo	ove to that question.
(iii) If a question is left blank, i.e., no a	nswer is given by the candidate, the	re will be no penalty for that

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question.

- 1. The Great Barrier Reef, sometimes in news, is located along
- (a) Australia
- (b) Madagascar
- (c) South Africa
- (d) Vietnam
- 2. The setting up of the Inter-State Council in 1990 was meant to
- (a) substitute the National Development Council
- (b) strengthen the federal provisions of the Constitution
- (c) be an institutional interface between the Judiciary and the Government
- (d) provide membership to local customary bodies
- 3. Which one of the following is not a Central Paramilitary Force under the Ministry of Home Affairs?
- (a) Central Industrial Security Force
- (b) Central Reserve Polic Force
- (c) Ladakh Scouts
- (d) Border Security Force
- 4. The Comptroller and Auditor-General of India can be removed from office only by
- (a) President on the advice of the Union Cabinet
- (b) Chief Justice of the Supreme Court
- (c) President of India after an address in both Houses of Parliament
- (d) President on the advice of Chief Justice of India
- 5. Which one of the following is under the control of the Ministry of Defence?
- (a) Indo-Tibetan Border Police

- (b) Rashtriya Rifles
- (c) National Security Guard
- (d) Sashastra Seema Bal
- 6. Which of the following statements with regard to construction of railways in colonial India by the British companies is/are not true?
- 1. The companies were guaranteed a return of 5 per cent on their investment by Government of India
- 2. The railways were to be managed mainly by the Government
- 3. There was no system of preferential freight charges
- 4. The companies were to get the land free from the Government

- (a) 1 and 3
- (b) 2 and 3
- (c) 4 only
- (d) 1, 3 and 4
- 7. According to Granville Austin, which of the following was/were the most significant contributions of India to constitution-making?
- (a) Majority rule and minority rights
- (b) Consenesus and Accomodation
- (c) Social revolution and Political Freedom
- (d) Asymmetrical Federal structure
- 8. Jammu and Kashmir Light Infantry is
- (a) A Central Paramilitary Force
- (b) A force maintained by the state of Jammu and Kashmir
- (c) A regiment of the Indian Army
- (d) None of the above

- 9. Which of the following represents the main phases of the Quit India Movement?
- 1. Strikes, boycotts and picketing in urban centres
- 2. Widespread attacks in rural areas on the many symbols and means of colonial rule and authority e.g. railways, telegraph lines and Government buildings
- 3. Formation of Home Rule leagues
- 4. The 'Karnataka method'

Select the correct answer using the code given below

- (a) 1 and 2
- (b) 2, 3 and 4
- (c) 1, 2 and 4
- (d) 1 and 4
- 10. The Special Provisions in Article 371G of the Constitution of India relate to the state of
- (a) Jammu & Kashmir
- (b) Jharkhand
- (c) Mizoram
- (d) Nagaland
- 11. Which of the following was/were not part/parts of the RIN Mutiny?
- 1. Indian National Army
- 2. HMIS Talwar
- 3. Hunger strike by naval ratings
- 4. Lord Irwin

Select the correct answer using the code given below

- (a) 1 and 2
- (b) 2 and 3
- (c) 1 and 4
- (d) 4 only
- 12. The locus standi rule to move the court was liberalized by the case of
- (a) S. R. Bommai v. Union of India

- (b) Minerva Mills v. Union of India
- (c) S. P. Gupta v. Union of India
- (d) Kesavananda Bharti v. State of Kerala
- 13. Who heads the Defence Acquisition Council?
- (a) Defence Minister
- (b) Defence Secretary
- (c) Chief of the Integrated Defence Staff
- (d) Director General (Acquisition)
- 14. Balgangadhar Tilas was associated with
- 1. Poona Sarvajanik Sabha
- 2. The Age of Consent Bill
- 3. Gaurakshni Sabha
- 4. Atmiya Sabha

- (a) 1 and 2
- (b) 1, 2 and 4
- (c) 3 and 4
- (d) 2 and 4
- 15. The provision under Article 350A of the Constitution of India relates to the
- (a) right of any section of the citizens to preserve its distinct language and culture
- (b) right of the Sikh community to carrying and wearing of kirpans
- (c) provision for providing facilities for instruction in mother-tongue at primary stage
- (d) freedom of Minority-managed educational institutions from discrimination in the matter of receiving aid from the State
- 16. The equivalent rank of Commodore of Indian Navy in the Indian Army is
- (a) Brigadier
- (b) Lieutenant Colonel

- (c) Colonel
- (d) Major General
- 17. The proposals of the Cabinet Mission did not include
- 1. a three-tier structure for the Union of India, with both the Provinces and the Princely States
- 2. formation of a Constituent Assembly
- 3. creation of a sovereign Pakistan with six Muslim-majority provinces

Select the correct answer using the code given below

- (a) 1 and 3
- (b) 3 only
- (c) 2 only
- (d) 1 and 2
- 18. Which of the following are provided in India by the Right to Education Act?
- 1. Right of children to free and compulsory education till completion of elementary education in a neighbourhood school
- 2. Prohibition of deployment of teachers for noneducational works, other than decennial census, elections to local authority like State Legislatures, Parliament and disaster relief
- 3. Right of minorities to establish and administer education institution
- 4. No citizen shall be denied admission into any educational institution maintained by the State or receiving aid out of State funds on grounds only of religion, race, caste, language or any of them

Select the correct answer using the code given below

- (a) 1, 2 and 4
- (b) 1 and 3
- (c) 2 and 4
- (d) 1 and 2
- 19. INS Vikramaditya is the name of
- (a) an aircraft carrier
- (b) a nuclear submarine

- (c) a memorial for the sailors
- (d) a naval hospital
- 20. Which one of the following statements concerning the Freedom and Partition of India is not correct?
- (a) In February 1947, British Prime Minister Atlee announced that the British were not going to transfer power to Indians, come what may
- (b) Lord Wavell advocated total withdrawl of the British from India by 31 March, 1948
- (c) It was Lord Mountbatten who speeded up the process of transfer of power
- (d) The Plan Balkan was abandoned on account of Nehru's opposition to it
- 21. According to Article 3 of the Constitution of India, the Parliament by law
- 1. declare war on any country
- 2. alter the boundaries of any State
- 3. increase the area of any State
- 4. establish an Autonomous Council within any State

- (a) 3 only
- (b) 1, 2 and 4
- (c) 2 and 3
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- 22. Which of the following statements are correct?
- 1. The Andaman and Nicobar Command is the only Tri-service theater command of the Indian Armed Forces
- 2. It was created to safeguard India's strategic interests in Southeast Asia
- 2. It was created to safeguard India's strategic interests in the Strait of Malacca
- (a) 1 only
- (b) 1 and 2
- (c) 1 and 3
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

23. match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer using the code given below the Lists	B. Tebhaga 2. Kaliparaj C. Satyasodhak Samaj 3. Mundas D. Ulgulan 4. Kunbi peasantry	
List-I List-II (Peasant Movement) (Leader/Follower) A. Bakasht land Movement 1. Baba	code	
Ramchandra B. Eka Movement 2. Kunhammed Haji	(a) A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3	
C. Mappila Rebellion 3. Madari Pasi D. Avadh Kisan Sabha Movement 4. Karyanand	(b) A-2, B-1, C-4, D-3	
Sharma	(c) A-3, B-4, C-1, D-2	
Code	(d) A-3, B-1, C-4, D-2	
(a) A-4, B-3, C-2, D-1	27. Under Article 355 of the Constitution of India, it is duty of the Union to	
(b) A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1	(4)	
(c) A-1, B-2, C-3, D-4	(a) protect States against external aggression and internal disturbance	
(d) A-1, B-3, C-2, D-4	(b) allow the extension of executive powers of the Union to any State	
24. Which of the following committee/committes submitted reports on Electoral reforms?	(c) declare that the powers of the legislatures of a State shall be exercisable by or under the authority of the Parliament	
1. Dinesh Goswami Committee		
Tarkunde Committee Indrajit Gupta Committee Balwantari Mehta Committee	(d) allow the Parliament to include or exclude any caste, race or tribe into the Isit of the Scheduled Castes or Scheduled Tribes	
Select the correct answer using the code given below	28. Which of the following is known as the land of rice revolution?	
(a) 1, 3 and 4	Tice revolution:	
	(a) China (b) India (c) Japan	
(b) 2 and 4		
(c) 1, 2 and 3		
(d) 3 and 4	(d) Philippines	
25. BrahMos is the name of	29. Who functions as Chairman, Chief of Staff	
(a) a short-range supersonic cruise missile	Committee?	
(b) an air defence gun	(a) Defence Minister	
(c) a military satellite	(b) The longest serving Chief among the Chiefs of the three services	
(d) a multiple rocket launcher	(c) The Chief of Integrated Defence Staff	
26. Match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer using the code given below the Lists	(d) The Chief of the Army Staff	
List-I List-II (Movement) (Mass base/Following) A. Bardoli Satyagraha 1. Bargadars		

- 30. Which of the following was not the feature of the Home Rule Movement in India?
- (a) Boycott and Picketing
- (b) Two separate Home-Rule Leagues rather than on All-India Home-Rule Organisation
- (c) Setting up of discussion groups and reading rooms
- (d) Sale and circulation of pamphlets
- 31. The 2nd Administrative Reforms Commission has produced Reports on
- 1. Ethics in Governance
- 2. Local Governance
- 3. Combating Terrorism
- 4. Eradication of Corruption

Select the correct answer using the code given below

- (a) 1, 3 and 4
- (b) 2, 3 and 4
- (c) 1 and 2
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- 32. With reference to the Consumer Disputes Redressal at district level in India, which one of the following statements is not correct?
- (a) A State Government can establish more than one District Forum in a district if it deems fit
- (b) One of the members of the District Forum shall be a woman
- (c) The District Forum entertains the complaints where the value of goods or services does not exceed rupees fifty lakhs
- (d) A complaint in relation to any goods sold or any service provided may be filed with a District Forum by the State Government as a representative of the interests of the consumers in general
- 33. Which one of the following statements is correct?
- (a) India is the largest importer of defence equipment in the world
- (b) The United States of America was the second largest exporter of defence equipment to India in 2015

- (c) Russia has stopped exporting defence equipment to India
- (d) India meets not more than 25 per cent of its requirement of defence equipment through import
- 34. In 1893, there occured a split in the Arya Samaj on the issue(s) of
- 1. Meat-eating vs vegetarianism
- 2. Cast system and widow remarriage
- 3. Shuddhi of converts
- 4. Anglicised vs Sanskrit-based education

Select the correct answer using the code given below

- (a) 1, 3 and 4
- (b) 2 and 4
- (c) 1 and 4
- (d) 1 only
- 35. The National Human Rights Commission has
- 1. a Chairperson who has been a Chief Justice of Supreme Court or a High Court of India
- 2. one Member who is or has been a Judge of Supreme Court
- 3. one Member who is or has been the Chief Justice of a High Court
- 4. two Members to be appointed from amongst persons having knowledge of or practical experience in matters relating to human rights

- (a) 1, 2, 3 and 4
- (b) 1, 2 and 3
- (c) 1 and 4
- (d) 2, 3 and 4
- 36. GRSE, BDL and MIDHANI are acronums of
- (a) Defence Public Sector Undertakings
- (b) Chemicals used for making rockets
- (c) Ammunition used in tanks
- (d) communication satellites

- 37. President's Bodyguards is
- (a) a police force under the control of the President's Secretariat
- (b) a paramilitary force
- (c) a unit of Delhi Police
- (d) none of the above
- 38. Where and when did Mahatma Gandhi first use his method of hunger-strike to achieve a desired goal?
- (a) At Natal in South Africa in the year 1906
- (b) At Champaran in the year 1917
- (c) At Ahmedabad in the year 1918
- (d) At Cape Town in South Africa in the yar 1906
- 39. In which of the following states, the sex-ratio is in favour of female population?
- (a) Haryana
- (b) Uttar Pradesh
- (c) Punjab
- (d) Uttarakhand
- 40. Who is the Supreme Commander of the Indian Armed Forces?
- (a) President
- (b) Prime Minister
- (c) Defence Minister
- (d) Longest serving Chief of Staff
- 41. 'Cheetah' and 'Chetak' are the names of
- (a) Fighter aircrafts
- (b) Helicopters
- (c) Armoured vehicles
- (d) Infantry regiments

- 42. Border Roads Organization is under the administrative control of the
- (a) Ministry of Defence
- (b) Ministry of Road Transport and Highways
- (c) Prime Minister's Office
- (d) Indian Army
- 43. Which of the following were the main influences on Vasudeo Balwant Phadke?
- 1. Experience of the Deccan famine of 1876-77
- 2. Hindu revivalism
- 3. Theory of Drain of Wealth
- 4. Reformist idea of Phule

- (a) 1, 2 and 3
- (b) 2, 3 and 4
- (c) 1 and 3
- (d) 1, 2 and 4
- 44. The Punchhi Commission report was related to
- (a) Centre-State relations
- (b) Electoral reforms
- (c) Fiscal federalism
- (d) Creation of new States
- 45. 'Demand Polity' and 'Command Polity' are terms associated with
- (a) David Washbrook
- (b) Helen I. Tinker
- (c) Lloyd I. Rudolph and Susanne H. Rudolph
- (d) Rajni Kothari
- 46. Which of the following is the principal place of sitting of the National Green Tribunal?
- (a) Kolkata

(b) Hyderabad 50. The term 'Congress System' was coined by (c) Lucknow (a) D. L. Seth (d) New Delhi (b) Rajni Kothari 47. Who among the following was not a Communist leader in colonial India? (c) James Manor (d) Christophe Jaffrelot (a) P. C. Roy 51. Which of the following city's Veena has (b) S. A. Dange Geographical Indication tag (c) Muzaffar Ahmad (a) Banaras (d) Singaravelu (b) Thanjavur 48. Who among the following were well known as champions of women's education in colonial India? (c) Jaipur (d) Madurai 1. Sister Subbalaksmi 2. Begum Rokeya Sakhawat Hossain 3. Keshub Chandra Sen 52. 'CITES' is concerned with 4. Ananda Coomaraswamy Select the correct answer using the code given (a) Nuclear Proliferation below (b) Destruction of Chemical Weapons (a) 1, 2, 3 and 4 (c) Protection of Cultural Heritage (b) 1, 2 and 3 (d) Wildlife Protection (c) 3 and 4 53. Which of the following is not a Rabi crop in India? (d) 1 and 2 49. Match List-I with List-II and select the correct (a) Wheat answer using the code given below the Lists (b) Gram List-I ----- List-II (Person) ----- (Political Party) (c) Maize A. B. R. Ambedkar ----- 1. Pakistan Muslim (d) Mustard League 2. Sikandar Hayat Khan ----- 2. Krishak Praja 54. Which of the following is the leading producer C. Fuzul Hug ----- 3. Unionist Party of raw silk in India? D. Khaliquzzaman ----- 4. Independent Labour **Party** (a) Andhra Pradesh Code (b) Karnataka (a) A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1 (c) Tamil Nadu (b) A-4, B-3, C-2, D-1 (d) West Bengal (c) A-1, B-2, C-3, D-4 (d) A-1, B-3, C-2, D-4

55. The first Metro Rail Project was commissioned 60. The cultivated areas on Indian toposheet are in the city of shown with (a) Chennai (a) Green colour (b) Delhi (b) Red colour (c) Kolkata (c) Brown colour (d) Mumbai (d) Yellow colour 56. Which of the following is the highest peak of 61. In China, 'Taklamakan' is a India? (a) River system (a) Everest (b) Barren desert (b) Kanchanjunga (c) Mine (c) Makalu (d) Mountain peak (d) Nanda Devi 62. The Mississipppi river which forms the delta in 57. In which of the following states, the share of the Gulf of Mexico is of scheduled castes population to total population is the highest? (a) Arcuate type (a) Himachal Pradesh (b) Birdfoot type (b) Karnataka (c) Cuspate type (c) Punjab (d) Lacustrine type (d) Uttar Pradesh 63. The 'Middle East' comprises the lands of 58. Roca' is a type of shifting cultivation called in (a) North Africa and North West Asia (a) Vietnam (b) South West Asia and South Africa (b) Mexico (c) North Africa and South West Asia (c) Venezuela (d) North West Asia and East Africa (d) Brazil 64. An intensively cold wind descending from the Dalmation Alps is locally called as 59. Identify the mismatch (a) Bora (a) Asia - Gobi desert (b) Mistral (b) Africa - Mojave desert (c) Chinook (c) Australia - Gibson desert (d) Foehn (d) South America - Atakama

65. Deep ocean floor is dominant for (b) bank loans (c) public deposits (a) Terrigenous sediments (d) oreign aid (b) Cosmogenous sediments 71. The famous Iron Pillar at Mehrauli (Delhi) (c) Hydrogenous sediments contains the name of (d) Calcareous siliceous oozes (a) Harsha 66. Warm temperate forests are mostly (b) Chandragupta (c) Chandra (a) Coniferous (d) Gautamiputra (b) Deciduous 72. King Cobra is the only snake that makes its own (c) Evergreen nest. Why does it make its nest? (d) Rainforests (a) It is a snake-eater and the nest helps attract other snakes 67. Laterite soils are distributed in (b) It is a viviparous snake and needs a nest to give birth to its offspring (a) Wet equatorial region (c) It is an oviparous snake and lays its eggs in the (b) Hot and Wet Tropical region nest and guards the nest until they are hatched (c) Wet temperate region (d) It is a large, cold blooded animal and needs a nest to hibernate in the cold season (d) Temperate desert region 73. Which one of the following pairs is not 68. The concept of 'Industrial reserve army' is correctly matched? associated with River - City (a) David Ricardo (a) Gomati - Lucknow (b) Adam Smith (b) Saryu - Ayodhya (c) Karl Marx (c) Alaknanda - Badrinath (d) None of them (d) Narmada - Satna 69. CAPART was set up in 1982 to 74. Which one of the following States does not have international border with Bangladesh? (a) promote apple research (a) Meghalaya (b) provide training to veterinary doctors (b) Manipur (c) improve the bullock cart (c) Mizoram (d) improve technology of rural industries (d) Tripura 70. The major share of finance to industries is

(a) share and debentures

(a) Khudiram Bose (a) Namami Krishna		
(I) A control was been		
(b) Anant Kanhere (b) Namami Yamuna		
(c) Bhupendranath (c) Namami Gange		
(d) Barindra Ghosh (d) Namami Brahmaputra		
76. Who is the administrative head of Panchayat-Samiti?		
(a) Block Development Officer		
(b) 3 years of planting		
(b) Speaker (c) Chief Executive Officer (c) 2 years of planting		
(d) 8 years of planting		
(d) Sarpanch 82. Muscat red is a variety of		
77. Modern Biotechnology works on level		
(a) Colloidal		
(b) Pomegranate		
(c) Molecule	(c) Plums	
(d) Substance	(d) Apple	
78. Which of the following country has become the		
has become the 7th member of South Asia Sub- regional Economic Cooperation (SASEC) program of Asian Development Bank (ADB)?		
(b) Auxin		
(a) Taiwan (c) Gibberellins		
(b) Thailand (d) IAA		
(c) Myanmar 84. The gland which produces pheromone in queen honey bee is		
(d) Vietnam		
79. Which of the following has become the India's first tiger reserve to officially introduce a mascot "Bhoorsingh the Barasingha"? (a) Mandibular gland (b) Maxillary gland		
(a) Kamlang Tiger Reserve (c) Labial gland		
(b) Valmiki Tiger Reserve (d) Pharyngeal gland		
(c) Mundanthurai Tiger Reserve		
(d) Kanha Tiger Reserve		

85. The legless young of a housefly is known as	(b) Guanine	
() =	(c) Cytosine	
(a) Caterpillar	(d) Uracil	
(b) Maggot	91. In India, the crop in which a hybrid variety was	
(c) Nymph	the first to be developed is	
(d) Grub	(a) Maize	
86. The Indian Institute of Petroleum and Energy (IIPE) has been set up in	(b) Pearlmillet	
	(c) Sorghum	
(a) Vadodara	(d) Cotton	
(b) Mumbai	92. The Chola King who assumed the title of Mummadi Chola was	
(c) Visakhapatnam		
(d) Hyderabad	(a) Vijayalaya	
87. Photosynthesis is a	(b) Aditya I	
(a) Catabolic process	(c) Rajaraja I	
(b) Anabolic process	(d) Rajaraja II	
(c) Endergonic process	93. The Sultan who called expert genealogists to Delhi for determining the family status of officers and government servants was (a) Iltutmish	
(d) Exergonic process		
88. The real force causing entry of water into a cell from other cell is		
(a) Diffusion annualme definit	(b) Balban	
(a) Diffusion pressIrre deficit	(c) Muhammad bin Tughlaq	
(b) Turgor pressure	(d) Firuz Tughlaq	
(c) Osmotic pressure	94. A large number of women were employed in the empire of Vijayanagar as	
(d) Wall pressure		
89. Sex chromosomes are also known as	(a) Royal bodyguards	
(a) Autosomes	(b) Palace guards	
(b) Allosomes	(c) Accountants	
(c) Lysosomes	(d) All of the above	
(d) Ribosomes		
90. In a DNA molecule, thymine always pairs with		
(a) Adenine		

95. A biographical dictionary of the sufis Gulzar-i- Abrar was written by	100. The Diwani right was given to the British East India Company in 1765 by
(a) Shaikh Abdul Haq Muhaddis Dehlavi	(a) Shah Alam II
(b) Amir Khusrau	(b) Shujauddaula
(c) Shaikh Nasiruddin Chiragh Dehlavi	(c) Bahadur Shah
(d) Muhammad Ghausi Shattari	(d) Mir Qasim
96. The Bhakti saint who was not a worshipper of Krishna, was	
(a) Mirabai	
(b) Vallabhacharya	
(c) Surdas	
(d) Ramananda	
97. The English governor in India who was expelled by Aurangzeb was	
(a) Sir Nicholas Waite	
(b) Sir John Child	
(c) Sir John Gayer	
(d) Aungier	
98. The bargis and silahdars were two branches of	
(a) Navy	
(b) Infantry	
(c) Spy organization	
(d) Cavalry	
99. Shahu was captured in his infancy by Mughal officer	
(a) Shaista Khan	
(b) Chin Qilch Khan	
(c) Diler Khan	
(d) Muqarrab Khan	

Answer Sheet

A B C D 1 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 3 0 0 0 4 0 0 0 5 0 0 0	A B C D 21	A B C D 41 000 42 000 43 000 44 000 45 000	A B C D 61	A B C D 81 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
6 0 0 0 0 7 0 0 0 0 8 0 0 0 0 9 0 0 0 0	26	46	66	86
11 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	31	51	71 000 72 000 73 000 74 000 75 000	91
16 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	36	56	76	96 \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\